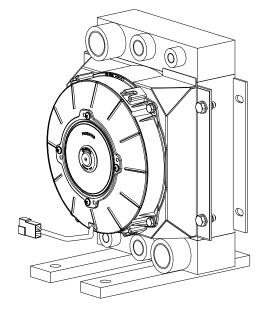
KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 1 of 24

Edition: 7

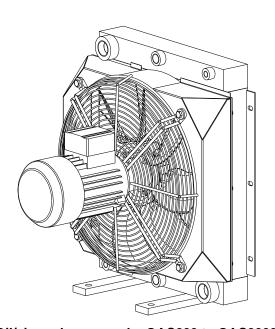
Oil/air coolers

series OAC

according to directive 2014/34/EU



Oil/air cooler; example: OAC100



Oil/air cooler; example: OAC200 to OAC2000

Please observe protection	Drawn:	2021-02-12 Pz/Str	Replacing:	KTR-N dated 2018-11-07
note ISO 16016.	Verified:	2021-06-30 Pz	Replaced by:	



KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 2 of 24

Edition: 7

The oil/air cooler series OAC is an efficient high-performance cooler. It has a compact design and was developed for cooling hydraulic oil, gear oil, lubricant and water-glycol.

Table of contents

1	Technical data			3
2	Advice			8
	2.1 General advice2.2 Safety and advice2.3 General hazard2.4 Intended use			8 8 8 9
3	Storage, transport a	nd packaging		9
	3.1 Storage3.2 Transport and p	ackaging		9
4	Assembly			10
	4.6 Electrical conne4.7 Cooling medium4.8 Cleaning4.9 Marking of stand4.10 Diagrammes - p	tion air cooler sure and temperature ction	er into components	10 11 12 12 12 13 13 14 14 14
5	Start-up			17
6	Maintenance and se	rvice		17
7	Spares inventory, cu	ıstomer service address	ses	18
8	Enclosure A Advice atmospheres	and instructions regard	ing the use in Ex potentially	explosive 19
	8.1 Intended use in	potentially explosive	ve atmospheres	19
		or potentially explosive at		20
	8.3 Start-up for the	use in (Ex) potentially ex		21
	8.4 Permissible acc8.5 EC Certificate o8.6 EU Declaration		potentially explosive atmosph	eres 22 23 24

Please observe protection	Drawn:	2021-02-12 Pz/Str	Replacing:	KTR-N dated 2018-11-07
note ISO 16016.	Verified:	2021-06-30 Pz	Replaced by:	

KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 3 of 24 Edition: 7

I Technical data

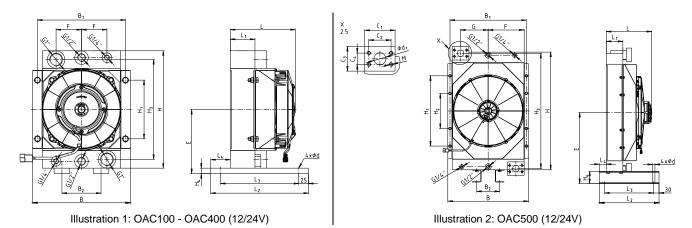


Table 1: Dimensions - 12/24V

Cooler tune						Dimension	ons [mm]					
Cooler type	L	L ₁	L ₂	L ₃	L_4	В	B ₁	B ₂	Н	H₁	H ₂	H ₃
OAC100-01	167	65	250	200	50	250	225	100	300	150		255
OAC100-02	107	05	230	200	30	230	223	100	300	130	-	233
OAC200-01	167	65	250	200	50	350	325	174	410	240	_	360
OAC200-02	107	0.5	250	200	30	330	323	174	410	240	=	300
OAC250-01	197	95	280	230	56	350	325	174	410	240		360
OAC250-02	197	95	200	230	50	330	323	174	410	240	-	300
OAC300-01	230	65	250	200	49	446	421	200	500	320		450
OAC300-02	230	05	230	200	49	440	421	200	300	320	-	430
OAC400-01	260	95	280	230	55.5	446	421	200	500	320		450
OAC400-02	200	95	200	230	55.5	440	421	200	500	320	-	450
OAC500-01	259	95	340	280	40	460	435	130	670	400	200	657
OAC500-02	209	95	340	200	40	460	430	130	670	400	200	657

Cooler type						Dimension	ons [mm]					
Cooler type	H_4	H ₅	d	d₁	C ₁	C_2	C ₃	C_4	М	F	G	Е
OAC100-01 OAC100-02	14	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	65	-	164
OAC200-01 OAC200-02	14	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	115	-	219
OAC250-01 OAC250-02	14	-	14	-	-	-	=	-	-	115	-	219
OAC300-01 OAC300-02	14	=	14	-	-	=	=	-	-	160	=	264
OAC400-01 OAC400-02	14	=	14		-	=	ı		-	160		264
OAC500-01 OAC500-02	70	-	13.5	38	95	69.9	77	35.7	M12	150	157.5	405

Please observe protection	Drawn:	2021-02-12 Pz/Str	Replacing:	KTR-N dated 2018-11-07
note ISO 16016.	Verified:	2021-06-30 Pz	Replaced by:	

KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 4 of 24

Edition: 7

1 Technical data

Page 3 continued:

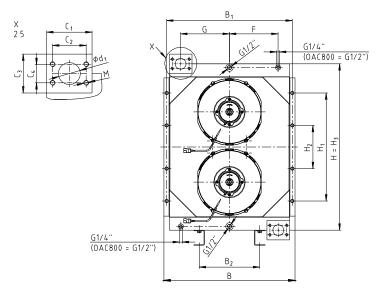


Illustration 3: OAC600 - OAC800 (12/24V)

Continuation: Table 1: Dimensions - 12/24V

Cooler type	Dimensions [mm]											
Cooler type	L	L ₁	L ₂	L ₃	L_4	В	B ₁	B_2	Н	H₁	H_2	H ₃
OAC600-01	223	OF	240	200	40	607	582	280	770	E00	200	770
OAC600-02	223	95	340	280	40	607	362	200	770	500	200	770
OAC700-01	242	94	340	280	40	607	582	280	920	700	300	920
OAC700-02	242	94	340	200	40	007	502	200	920	700	300	920
OAC800-01	388	140	450	390	40	701	676	280	920	700	300	920
OAC800-02	300	140	450	390	40	701	676	200	920	700	300	920

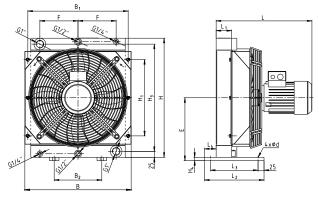
Cooler type						Dimension	ons [mm]					
Cooler type	H₄	H₅	d	d₁	C ₁	C_2	C ₃	C_4	М	F	G	Е
OAC600-01	70		13.5	51	105	77.8	90	42.9	M12	225	226	4EE
OAC600-02	70	-	13.5	51	105	11.0	90	42.9	IVI I Z	225	220	455
OAC700-01	70		13.5	51	105	77.8	90	42.9	M12	225	226	530
OAC700-02	70	•	13.5	5	103	11.0	90	42.9	IVIIZ	223	220	550
OAC800-01	70		13.5	51	105	77.8	90	42.9	M12	272	273	530
OAC800-02	70	-	13.5	31	103	11.0	90	42.9	IVIIZ	212	213	550

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KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 5 of 24 Edition: 7

Technical data



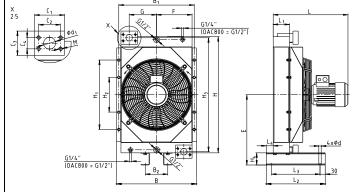
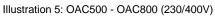


Illustration 4: OAC200 - OAC400 (230/400V)



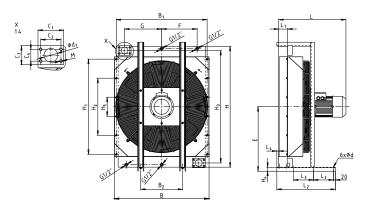


Illustration 6: OAC850 - OAC2000 (230/400V)

Table 2: Dimensions - 230/400V

Cooler tune						Dimensi	ons [mm]					
Cooler type	L	L ₁	L ₂	L ₃	L_4	В	B ₁	B ₂	Н	H ₁	H ₂	H ₃
OAC200-03	360	65	250	200	50	350	325	174	410	240	-	360
OAC250-03	390	95	280	230	56	350	325	174	410	240	-	360
OAC300-03	402	65	250	200	49	446	421	200	500	320	-	450
OAC400-03	431	95	280	230	56	446	421	200	500	320	-	450
OAC500-03	431	95	340	280	40	460	435	130	670	400	200	657
OAC600-03	532	95	340	280	40	607	582	280	770	500	200	770
OAC700-03	542	95	340	280	40	608	582	280	920	700	300	920
OAC800-03	665	140	450	390	40	701	676	280	920	700	300	920
OAC850-03	667	95	500	180	-	870	835	350	960	690	230	910
OAC900-03	670	95	590	210	-	995	955	440	1270	1000	600	1182
OAC1000-03	690	113	615	210	-	995	955	440	1270	1000	600	1182
OAC2000-03	900	140	750	210	-	1286	1206	525	1420	1000	600	1332

Caalantuna						Dimension	ons [mm]					
Cooler type	H ₄	H ₅	d	d₁	C ₁	C ₂	C ₃	C ₄	М	F	G	Е
OAC200-03	14	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	115	-	219
OAC250-03	14	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	115	-	219
OAC300-03	14	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	160	-	264
OAC400-03	14	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	160	-	264
OAC500-03	70	-	13.5	38	95	69.9	77	35.7	M12	150	157.5	405
OAC600-03	70	-	13.5	51	105	77.8	90	42.9	M12	225	226	455
OAC700-03	70	-	13.5	51	105	77.8	90	42.9	M12	225	226	530
OAC800-03	70	-	13.5	51	105	77.8	90	42.9	M12	272	273	530
OAC850-03	42	-	14	51	105	77.8	90	42.9	M12	350	340	523
OAC900-03	42	200	14	73	135	106.5	100	62	M16	372.5	390	678
OAC1000-03	42	200	14	73	135	106.5	100	62	M16	372.5	390	678
OAC2000-03	45	200	14	73	135	106.5	100	62	M16	532	532	756

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KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 6 of 24 Edition: 7

1 Technical data

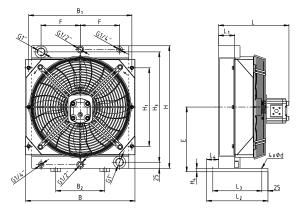


Illustration 7: OAC200 - OAC400 (hydraulic)

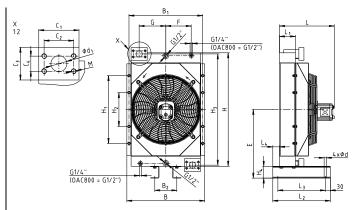


Illustration 8: OAC500 - OAC800 (hydraulic)

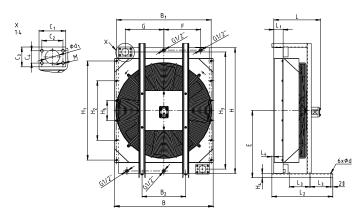


Illustration 9: OAC850 - OAC1000 (hydraulic)

Table 3: Dimensions - hydraulic

Coolor type						Dimensi	ons [mm]					
Cooler type	L	L ₁	L_2	L_3	L_4	В	B ₁	B ₂	Η	H₁	H ₂	H ₃
OAC200-04	245	65	250	200	50	350	325	174	410	240	-	360
OAC250-04	275	95	280	230	56	350	325	174	410	240	-	360
OAC300-04	295	65	250	200	50	446	421	200	500	320	-	450
OAC400-04	325	95	280	230	56	446	421	200	500	320	-	450
OAC500-04	323	95	340	280	40	460	435	130	670	400	200	657
OAC600-04	400	95	340	280	40	607	582	280	770	500	200	770
OAC700-04	411	95	340	280	40	608	582	280	920	700	300	920
OAC800-04	546	140	450	390	40	701	676	280	920	700	300	920
OAC850-04	471	95	500	180	-	870	835	350	960	690	230	910
OAC900-04	475	95	615	210	19.5	995	955	440	1270	1000	600	1182
OAC1000-04	505	113	615	210	-	995	955	440	1270	1000	600	1182

Cooler tune						Dimension	ons [mm]					
Cooler type	H_4	H ₅	d	d₁	C ₁	C_2	C ₃	C_4	М	F	G	Е
OAC200-04	14	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	115	-	219
OAC250-04	14	-	14	1	-	-	-	-	-	115	-	219
OAC300-04	14	-	14	1	-	-	-	-	-	160	-	264
OAC400-04	14	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	160	-	264
OAC500-04	70	-	13.5	38	95	69.9	77	35.7	M12	150	157.5	405
OAC600-04	70	-	13.5	51	105	77.8	90	42.9	M12	225	226	455
OAC700-04	70	-	13.5	51	105	77.8	90	42.9	M12	225	226	530
OAC800-04	70	-	13.5	51	105	77.8	90	42.9	M12	272	273	530
OAC850-04	42	-	14	51	105	77.8	90	42.9	M12	350	340	523
OAC900-04	42	200	14	73	135	106.5	100	62	M16	372.5	390	678
OAC1000-04	42	200	14	73	135	106.5	100	62	M16	372.5	390	678

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note ISO 16016.	Verified:	2021-06-30 Pz	Replaced by:	



KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 7 of 24

Edition: 7

1 Technical data

Table 4: Fan drive - 12/24V

Cooler type	[V]	Drive [kW]	Speed [rpm]	Amperage [A]	Protection class	Fan Ø [mm]	Weight [kg]
OAC100-01	12	0.09	3950	7.2		190	6
OAC100-02	24	0.06	3625	2.6		190	0
OAC200-01	12	0.10	2838	8.2		200	11
OAC200-02	24	0.11	2925	4.4		280	11
OAC250-01	12	0.10	2838	8.2		200	13
OAC250-02	24	0.11	2925	4.4		280	13
OAC300-01	12	0.22	3080	18.4			16
OAC300-02	24	0.23	2730	9.4		350	10
OAC400-01	12	0.22	3080	18.4	IP68	350	22
OAC400-02	24	0.23	2730	9.4	11700		22
OAC500-01	12	0.24	2600	20.2		385	30
OAC500-02	24	0.24	2700	9.8		300	30
OAC600-01	12	2x 0.10	2838	2x 8.2		280	43
OAC600-02	24	2x 0.11	2925	2x 4.4		200	43
OAC700-01	12	2x 0.24	2600	2x 20.2		•	53
OAC700-02	24	2x 0.24	2700	2x 9.8		385	
OAC800-01	12	2x 0.24	2600	2x 20.2		303	81
OAC800-02	24	2x 0.24	2700	2x 9.8			01

Table 5: Fan drive - 230/400V with 50Hz or 440V with 60Hz

Cooler type	Drive	[kW]	Speed	d [rpm]	Amper	age [A]	Protection	on class	Fan Ø	Noise	Weight
Coolei type	50Hz	60Hz	50Hz	60Hz	50Hz	60Hz	Standard	Marine	[mm]	[dbA]	[kg]
OAC200-03	0.18	0.21	1350	1650	0.58	0.57			280	66	16
OAC250-03	0.16	0.21	1350	1650	0.56	0.57			200	00	20
OAC300-03										76	24
OAC400-03	0.37	0.43	1370	1670	1.04	1.02			380	76	29
OAC500-03											37
OAC600-03	0.75	0.86	1440	1740	1.79	1.72	IP55	IP56	520	78	57
OAC700-03	0.75	0.00	1440	1740	1.79	1.72	11 33	11 30	320	70	70
OAC800-03	1.5	1.75	1435	1730	3.3	3.3			630		97
OAC850-03		2.55		1165		4.75			750	79	130
OAC900-03	2.2		965		5.2					85	186
OAC1000-03-6									900	87	198
OAC1000-03-4	7.5	-	1470	-		-				97	223
OAC2000-03-6	7.5		975		9.33			_	1000	92	357
OAC2000-03-4	18.5		1470				-	-	1000	100	429

Table 6: Fan drive - hydraulic

Cooler type	Swallowing capacity [ccm]	Speed [rpm]	Fan Ø [mm]	Noise [dbA]	Weight [kg]	
OAC200-04-06			200	22	45	
OAC250-04-06	6.3		280	66	15	
OAC300-04-06	1					
OAC300-04-08	7.9			75	21	
OAC300-04-11	10.9					
OAC400-04-06	6.3					
OAC400-04-08	7.9		380		25	
OAC400-04-11	10.9			74		
OAC500-04-06	6.3			74		
OAC500-04-08	7.9	1500			34	
OAC500-04-11	10.9					
OAC600-04-06	6.3					
OAC600-04-08	7.9				50	
OAC600-04-11	10.9		520			
OAC700-04-06	6.3		320	78	1	
OAC700-04-08	7.9				60	
OAC700-04-11	10.9					
OAC800-04-11			630		88	
OAC800-04-14	13.9		030			
OAC850-04-11	10.9		750	79	110	
OAC850-04-14	13.9		730	13	110	
OAC900-04-14	15.9	1000		85	155	
OAC900-04-19	18.8		900			
OAC1000-04-19	10.0			87	188	

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note ISO 16016.	Verified:	2021-06-30 Pz	Replaced by:	



KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 8 of 24 Edition: 7

2 Advice

2.1 General advice

Please read through these operating/assembly instructions carefully before you assemble the oil/air cooler. Please pay special attention to the safety instructions!



The oil/air cooler is suitable and approved for the use in potentially explosive atmospheres. With the use in potentially explosive atmospheres observe the special notes and instructions regarding safety as per enclosure A.

The operating/assembly instructions are part of your product. Please store them carefully and close to the oil/air cooler. The copyright for these operating/assembly instructions remains with KTR.

2.2 Safety and advice symbols



Warning of potentially explosive atmospheres This symbol indicates notes which may contribute to preventing bodily injuries or serious bodily injuries that may result in death caused by explosion.



Warning of personal injury

This symbol indicates notes which may contribute to preventing bodily injuries or serious bodily injuries that may result in death.



Warning of product damages

This symbol indicates notes which may contribute to preventing material or machine damage.



General advice

This symbol indicates notes which may contribute to preventing adverse results or conditions.



Warning of hot surfaces

This symbol indicates notes which may contribute to preventing burns with hot surfaces resulting in light to serious bodily injuries.

2.3 General hazard warnings



With assembly and disassembly of the oil/air cooler it has to be made sure that the entire drive train is secured against accidental switch-on. You may be seriously hurt by rotating parts. Please make absolutely sure to read through and observe the following safety indications.

- All operations on and with the oil/air cooler have to be performed taking into account "safety first".
- Make sure to switch off the power pack before you perform your work on the oil/air cooler.
- Secure the power pack against accidental switch-on, e. g. by providing warning signs at the place of switch-on or removing the fuse for current supply.
- Do not reach into the operating area of the machine as long as it is in operation.
- Secure the rotating drive components against accidental contact. Provide for the necessary protection devices and covers.

Please observe protection	Drawn:	2021-02-12 Pz/Str	Replacing:	KTR-N dated 2018-11-07
note ISO 16016.	Verified:	2021-06-30 Pz	Replaced by:	



KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 9 of 24 Edition: 7

2 Advice

2.4 Intended use

You may only assemble and disassemble the oil/air cooler if you

- have carefully read through the operating/assembly instructions and understood them
- are technically qualified and specifically trained (e. g. safety, environment, logistics)
- · are authorized by your company

The oil/air cooler may only be used in accordance with the technical data (see chapter 1). Unauthorized modifications on the oil/air cooler are not admissible. We will not assume liability for any damage that may arise. In the interest of further development we reserve the right for technical modifications.

The **oil/air cooler series OAC** described in here corresponds to the technical status at the time of printing of these operating/assembly instructions.

3 Storage, transport and packaging

3.1 Storage

The oil/air coolers are supplied in preserved condition and with painting and can be stored in a dry and roofed place for 6 - 9 months.



The storage rooms must not include any ozone-generating devices like e. g. fluorescent light sources, mercury-vapour lamps or electrical high-voltage appliances. Humid storage rooms are not suitable.

Make sure that condensation is not generated. The best relative air humidity is less than $65\,\%$.

3.2 Transport and packaging



In order to avoid any injuries and any kind of damage always make use of proper transport and lifting equipment.

The oil/air coolers are packed differently each depending on size, number and kind of transport. Unless otherwise contractually agreed, packaging will follow the in-house packaging specifications of KTR.

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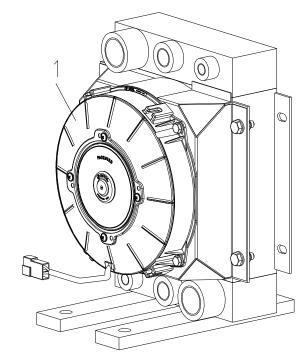
KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 10 of 24 Edition: 7

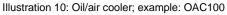
4 Assembly

The oil/air cooler series OAC is supplied ready for assembly.

4.1 Components of oil/air cooler

Component	Quantity	Description
1	1	Oil/air cooler "Type OAC"





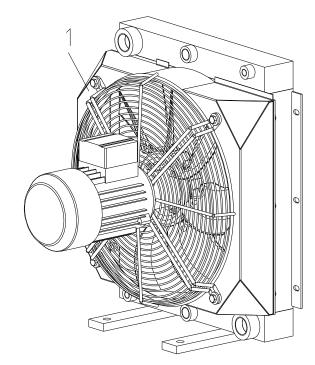


Illustration 11: Oil/air cooler; example: OAC200 to OAC2000



Before installing the oil/air coolers types OAC 100 - 800, assemble the feet supplied separately by means of the cap screws. Tighten the cap screws with a suitable torque key to the tightening torques T_A specified in table 7.

Table 7: Cap screws DIN EN ISO 4762

Cooler type	OAC100 to OAC400	OAC500 to OAC800
Screw size M	M8	M10
Tightening torque T _A [Nm]	11	22

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KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 11 of 24

Edition: 7

4 Assembly

4.2 Place of installation

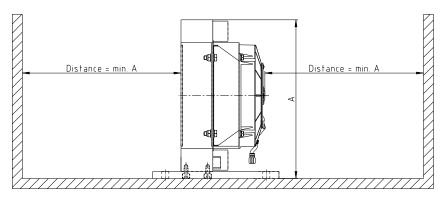


Illustration 12: Oil/air cooler; example: OAC100

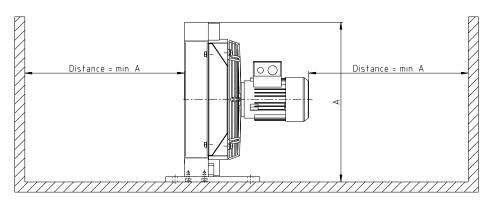


Illustration 13: Oil/air cooler; example: OAC200 to OAC2000

In order to achieve the optimum cooling capacity, the distance to the nearest wall should not fall below the height of the cooling element (dimension A), since only in this way proper air supply is ensured (see illustration 12 and 13).



The height of installation should not exceed the figure ≤ 1000 m.



Return flow of heated circulated air as well as assembly of the cooler core in front of heat sources should be avoided.



The engines have to be protected from direct solar radiation.



An unfavourable place of installation may increase the noise level by reflection of sound.

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note ISO 16016.	Verified:	2021-06-30 Pz	Replaced by:	



KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 12 of 24

Edition: 7

4 Assembly

4.3 Assembly of oil/air cooler

The oil/air cooler can be assembled in various positions, while the vertical design should be preferred. Sufficient fastening has to be assured.



Some engines have covered holes which serve for draining off condensed water that may be generated.

Use proper hydraulic hoses to connect the oil/air cooler. These are connected on the entrance and exit side of the cooling element (see illustration 14 and 15).



Make sure the connections and hoses are adapted to the oil/air cooler with regard to pressure, flow rate, temperature and liquidity.

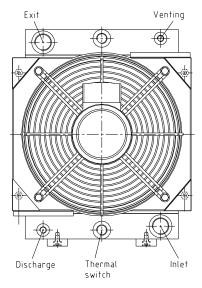


Illustration 14: Oil/air cooler; example: OAC200 to OAC2000

4.4 Thermal switch

A thermal switch to control the fan can be screwed directly in the cooler or tank (see illustration 14).



With the use in potentially explosive atmospheres only those thermal switches which comply with the specifications of the overall approval may be used.

4.5 Operating pressure and temperature

The maximum static operating pressure must not exceed the load of 26 bars during operation. With sizes OAC900 to OAC2000 the maximum static operating pressure is reduced to 21 bars.



With dynamic load maximum torque peaks of 14 bars must not be exceeded.



The maximum permissible temperature of the medium to be cooled must not exceed +110 °C. Please consult with KTR for any higher temperatures.



The temperature of the environment and the medium to be cooled should not change rapidly. Please note boiling and freezing point!

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note ISO 16016.	Verified:	2021-06-30 Pz	Replaced by:	

KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 13 of 24 Edition: 7

4 Assembly

4.6 Electrical connection

Before connecting the motor to the power supply compare the specifications on the type label (see illustration 17 resp. 17) of the motor to the voltage and frequency of the mains.



With the use in potentially explosive atmospheres only approved electric motors may be used.

The torsional direction of the fan and the air flow have to comply with the arrows specified on the oil/air cooler (see illustration 15).



The electric motors may be connected to the electric supply by qualified personnel only. Observe the universal specifications and electrical safety regulations!

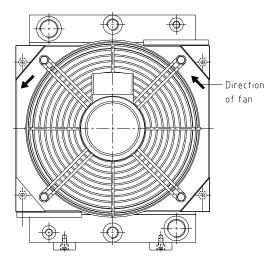


Illustration 15: Torsional direction - fan



Incorrect connections, damaged cables etc. may energize the connected components resp. make the electric motor rotate in the wrong direction.



The cooler has a separate grounding connection. It has to be connected to the grounding of the machine.



Please observe the operating instructions of the electric motor used by you.



We recommend to use an overload protection for the electric motor.

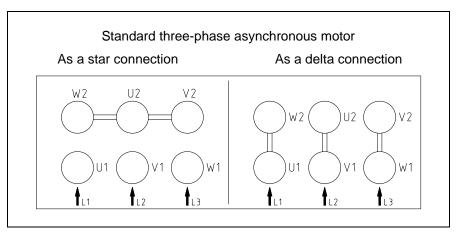


Illustration 16: Electrical connection- three-phase asynchronous motor

4.7 Cooling medium

The oil/air cooler is suitable for the use of mineral oil, synthetic oil and water glycol.

Please observe protection	Drawn:	2021-02-12 Pz/Str	Replacing:	KTR-N dated 2018-11-07
note ISO 16016.	Verified:	2021-06-30 Pz	Replaced by:	



KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 14 of 24 Edition: 7

4 Assembly

4.8 Cleaning



Before cleaning make sure that the oil/air cooler has cooled down. Touching the heated components causes burns.



With cleaning processes, e. g. with water, disconnect the cooler from the main power supply. The protection class needs to be observed.

Side of air laminas

The air laminas can be cleaned with compressed air. If seriously soiled, cleaning should be done by means of a high-pressure cleaner and degreasing agent. The jet should be kept carefully and in parallel with the air fin.

Oil side of cooling element

The oil side of the cooling element is cleaned by flushing with a degreasing agent. Afterwards flush with the liquid/medium which is used later.

4.9 Marking of standard oil/air cooler

The oil/air cooler series OAC is marked as follows:

C€ OIL/AIR Cooler			Made for Motion	<u> </u>		
	OAC300-03-4-A-0-0			KTR Syste	ems GmbH	
Directive 2014/68/EU			Carl-Zeis: D-48432 I			
Customer Mat	Mat. No.: KTR Mat. No.:					
		323000100300		Mfg. Date: 02-2021		
KTR Ident No.	:			Warranty	void if remov	ed
Medium	TS [°0]	PS stat. [bar]	PT [bar]	Weight [kg]	V [dm³]
Oil	110,00		26,00	39,00	23,63	3,00

Illustration 17: Examples - type label

4.10 Diagrammes - pressure loss and power

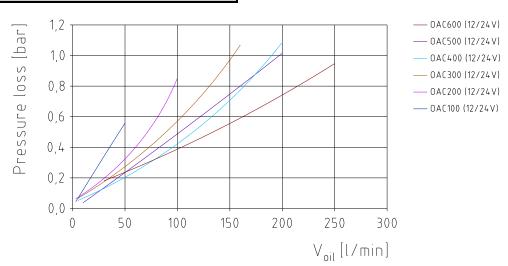


Diagram 1: pressure loss - OAC100 to OAC600 (12/24V)

Please observe protection	Drawn:	2021-02-12 Pz/Str	Replacing:	KTR-N dated 2018-11-07
note ISO 16016.	Verified:	2021-06-30 Pz	Replaced by:	



KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 15 of 24 Edition: 7

4 Assembly

4.10 Diagrammes - pressure loss and power

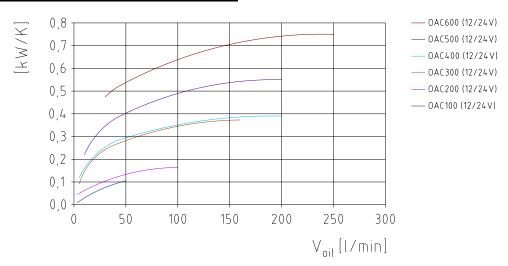


Diagram 2: power - OAC100 to OAC600 (12/24V)

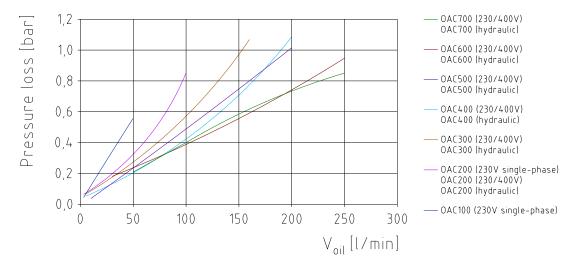


Diagram 3: pressure loss - OAC100 to OAC700

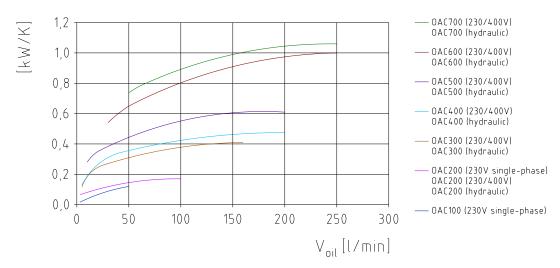


Diagram 4: power - OAC100 to OAC700

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note ISO 16016.	Verified:	2021-06-30 Pz	Replaced by:	



KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 16 of 24

Edition: 7

4 Assembly

4.10 Diagrammes - pressure loss and power

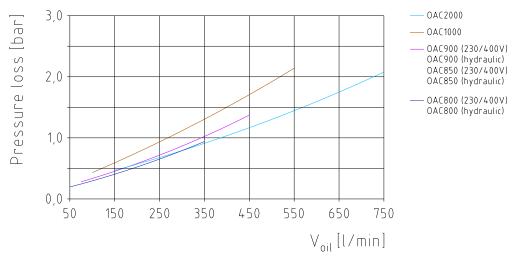


Diagram 5: pressure loss - OAC800 to OAC2000

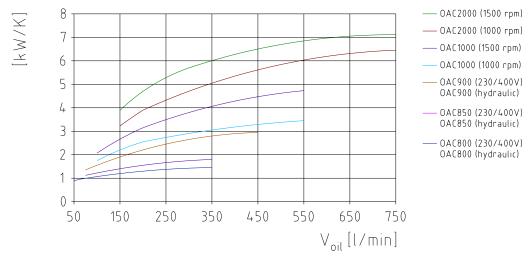


Diagram 6: power - OAC800 to OAC2000

4.11 Assembly - disassembly of the oil/air cooler into components

The cooler is assembled by KTR. The oil/air cooler is supplied ready for use.

A repair of the cooler by the plant operator/an external fitter is only permissible after written authorization by KTR.

During interim storage the oil/air cooler needs to be protected against environmental impacts (moisture, solar radiation, etc.) as well as excessive dust exposure.

Please observe protection	Drawn:	2021-02-12 Pz/Str	Replacing:	KTR-N dated 2018-11-07
note ISO 16016.	Verified:	2021-06-30 Pz	Replaced by:	



KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 17 of 24 Edition: 7

5 Start-up

Make sure that the oil/air cooler is properly connected and fastened.



A grounding cable has to be connected to the oil/air cooler in the position marked (on the yellow grounding symbol).

Please observe the following procedure:

- Flush the oil/air cooler with the same liquid/medium as the other systems.
- Filter the liquid/medium after flushing.
- Vent the cooling element after filling (see illustration 14).
- The oil/air cooler and the protective grid have to be free from damage.
- The fan needs to rotate freely. The minimum gap (as per chapter 8.3) for fixed components needs to be observed
- Hydraulic connections have to be tightened.
- The inside of the fan housing has to be free from any objects.
- The cooler has to be free of ice and snow. Ice or snow on the impeller may cause imbalance, vibrations and damage on the machine.



Components which are hurled may cause personal injuries, damage other components or generate sparking.

6 Maintenance and service

Preventive maintenance operations have to be regularly performed by the user.

The following items have to be reviewed:

Unusual noise or vibrations must not be generated.



The oil/air cooler has to be regularly inspected for mechanical vibrations and monitored, if necessary, to prevent leakages and fatigue fracture of liquid supply and drainage reliably.



With vibrations inspect the screw connection of the motor. If the damage has not been repaired in this way, consult with KTR.

- Proper fastening of the oil/air cooler has to be assured.
- Impurity of the oil/air cooler reduces the cooling power, make sure to clean your cooler (see item cleaning).
- Inspect the oil/air cooler for damages, defective components have to be replaced.
- Inspect the cooler core and the cable gland for leakages.



Leakages have to be eliminated immediately.

Oil which has escaped has to be removed properly, since oil residues may vaporize on hot components and ignite.



Please observe protection	Drawn:	2021-02-12 Pz/Str	Replacing:	KTR-N dated 2018-11-07
note ISO 16016.	Verified:	2021-06-30 Pz	Replaced by:	



KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 18 of 24 Edition: 7

6 Maintenance and service

- Inspect distances between fan and protective grid (see chapter 8.3).
- Inspect the individual components of the device for electrically conductive connections (including the grounding cable connection).
- The motor temperature has to be inspected with the device operating.



It must not exceed the temperature class specified in the type label (see illustration 18).

The bearings of the motors are permanently lubricated.



Re-lubrication is not possible. Observe the service life of the motor bearing as per the data sheet of the motor manufacturer.

The bearings must be inspected, maintained and replaced, if necessary, as per the specifications of the motor manufacturer.

7 Spares inventory, customer service addresses

We recommend to store major spare parts on site to ensure the readiness for use of the machine in case if a cooler fails.

Contact addresses of the KTR partners for spare parts and orders can be obtained from the KTR homepage at www.ktr.com.



KTR does not assume any liability or warranty for the use of spare parts and accessories which are not provided by KTR and for the damages which may incur as a result.

Please observe protection	Drawn:	2021-02-12 Pz/Str	Replacing:	KTR-N dated 2018-11-07
note ISO 16016.	Verified:	2021-06-30 Pz	Replaced by:	



KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 19 of 24

Edition: 7

8 Enclosure A

Advice and instructions regarding the use in potentiall explosive atmospheres

Sizes: OAC100 to OAC2000

8.1 Intended use in potentially explosive atmospheres

Conditions of operation in potentially explosive atmospheres

The oil/air coolers are suitable for the use according to EU directive 2014/34/EU.

Industry (with the exception of mining)

- Equipment group II of category 2 and 3 (oil/air cooler is <u>not</u> approved/<u>not</u> suitable for equipment group 1)
- Media class G (gases, mist, vapours), zone 1 and 2 (oil/air cooler is not approved/not suitable for zone 0)
- Media class D (dusts), zone 22 (oil/air coolers are not approved/not suitable for zones 20 and 21).
- Explosion group IIC (explosion class IIA and IIB are included in IIC)

Temperature class of the oil/air cooler (excluding drive and pump) 1)	max. perm. medium tempera- ture	Max. surface temperature of the oil/air cooler to be considered (excluding drive and pump) 1)
T3	≤ +110 °C	+110 °C
T4	≤ +108 °C	+108 °C
T5	≤ +80 °C	+80 °C
T6	≤ +68 °C	+68 °C

¹⁾ Additional surface temperatures and temperature classes may arise on the attachments of the device. e. g. on the motor or pump. The highest surface temperatures resp. temperature classes on the overall machine each have to be considered.

Explanation:

- The permissible ambient temperature T_a for the use of oil/air coolers is intended from -40 °C to +55 °C.
- Subject to the operation, the medium temperature may be considerably higher than the ambient temperature.
- The component with the lowest temperature class is decisive for the operation.

In potentially explosive atmospheres

- the ignition temperature of dusts generated must at least be 1.5 times the surface temperature to be considered
- the glow temperature must at least be the surface temperature to be considered plus a safety distance of 75 K.
- the gases and vapours generated must amount to the temperature class specified.

Please observe protection	Drawn:	2021-02-12 Pz/Str	Replacing:	KTR-N dated 2018-11-07
note ISO 16016.	Verified:	2021-06-30 Pz	Replaced by:	



KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 20 of 24

Edition: 7

8 Enclosure A

Advice and instructions regarding the use in pote explosive atmospheres



Marking for potentially explosive atmospheres

The ATEX marking of the oil/air coolers series OAC is made on one component.

For the complete marking refer to the operating/assembly instructions.

Marking is as follows:

Oil/air cooler type OAC <Year>



KTR Systems GmbH, Carl-Zeiss-Straße 25, D-48432 Rheine

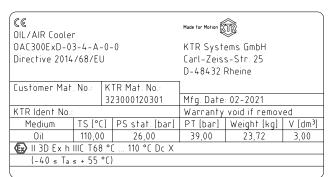


Illustration 18: Examples - type label

Short marking:

(A short marking is only made if not possible differently for reason of space or functioning.)

Oil/air cooler type OAC <Year>





Comments on marking

Equipment group II	Non-mining
Equipment category 2G	Equipment ensuring a high level of safety, suitable for zone 1
Equipment category 3D	Equipment ensuring a normal level of safety, suitable for zone 22.
D	Dust
G	Gases and vapours
Ex h	Nonelectrical explosion protection
IIC	Gases and vapours of class IIC (including IIA and IIB)
IIIC	Electrically conductive dusts of class IIIC (including IIIA and IIIB)
T6 T3	Temperature class to be considered, depending on the ambient temperature
T68 °C T110 °C	Maximum surface temperature to be considered, depending on the ambient
	temperature
-40 °C ≤ T _a ≤ +55 °C	Permissible ambient temperature -40 °C to +55 °C.
Gb, Db	Equipment protection level, analogous to the equipment category
X	Special conditions apply for a safe use of the oil/air cooler.

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note ISO 16016.	Verified:	2021-06-30 Pz	Replaced by:	



KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 21 of 24

Edition: 7

8 Enclosure A

Advice and instructions regarding the use in potential explosive atmospheres



Marking for potentially explosive atmospheres

Substance group - gases, fogs and vapours:

The marking with explosion group IIC includes the explosion groups IIA and IIB.

Substance group - dusts:

The marking with explosion group IIIC includes the explosion groups IIIA and IIIB.

8.3 Start-up for the use in potentially explosive atmospheres



The oil/air cooler may only be used in the areas marked in the type label of the oil/air cooler and motor. The element with the least favourable class is decisive.

The decision of assessment of the place of operation is subject to the user.



The start-up of the coolers is permissible by qualified personnel only.

- It has to be made sure that oil supply and discharge are properly connected.
- The connections as well as the cooling element have to be tested for leakages after start-up.
- The electric motor or oil motor is to be connected such that the torsional direction marked on the oil/air cooler is observed as described under *Electrical connection*.
- The cooler has to be grounded separately in the position marked (equipotential bonding of cooler).
- Inspect the oil motor for leakages.



Leakages have to be eliminated immediately.

Oil which has escaped has to be removed properly, since oil residues may vaporize on hot components and ignite.

• When the motor is running vibrations and unusual noise (frictional noise, squeaking, etc.) must not arise.



The oil/air cooler has to be regularly inspected for mechanical vibrations and monitored, if necessary, to prevent leakages and fatigue fracture of liquid supply and drainage reliably.



With vibrations inspect the screw connection of the motor.

If the damage has not been repaired, the oil/air cooler must not be operated any longer. Please consult with KTR.

Please observe protection	Drawn:	2021-02-12 Pz/Str	Replacing:	KTR-N dated 2018-11-07
note ISO 16016.	Verified:	2021-06-30 Pz	Replaced by:	



KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 22 of 24

Edition: 7

Enclosure A 8

Advice and instructions regarding the use in explosive atmospheres

potentially explosive atmospheres 8.3 Start-up for the use in

- The oil/air cooler may be set up vertically only and must be screwed to the base through all fastening holes.
- It has to be assured that the suction distances and discharge distances (distance A, as described in place of arrangement) are observed.
- The cooler core must not be sealed by foreign substances.
- Inspect distances between fan and protective grid.



The minimum gap width between rotating components and non-mobile components is at least 1 % of the relevant contact diameter (see table 4).

Table 8

Size of cooler	Fan Ø [mm]	Minimum gap to be observed
OAC100	200	≥ 2.0 mm (corresponds to 1 %)
OAC200	280	≥ 2.8 mm (corresponds to 1 %)
OAC250	280	≥ 2.8 mm (corresponds to 1 %)
OAC300 to OAC500	380	≥ 3.8 mm (corresponds to 1 %)
OAC600 to OAC700	520	≥ 5.2 mm (corresponds to 1 %)
OAC800	630	≥ 6.3 mm (corresponds to 1 %)
OAC850	750	≥ 7.5 mm (corresponds to 1 %)
OAC900 to OAC1000	900	≥ 9.0 mm (corresponds to 1 %)
OAC2000	1000	≥ 10.0 mm (corresponds to 1 %)

With the trial run make sure the permissible motor temperature is not exceeded. The temperature classes of cooler and motor specified in the type label have to be definitely observed.

8.4 Permissible accessories for the use in potentially explosive atmospheres



Only those accessories certified by ATEX and complying with the temperature class (example: thermal switch, etc.) may be mounted to the oil/air cooler.



Any modifications on the design of the oil/air cooler intended for the use in potentially explosive atmospheres are not permissible.



The customer bears the sole responsibility for all machining processes performed subsequently by the customer. KTR does not assume any warranty claims.

Please observe protection	Drawn:	2021-02-12 Pz/Str	Replacing:	KTR-N dated 2018-11-07
note ISO 16016.	Verified:	2021-06-30 Pz	Replaced by:	



KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 23 of 24

Edition: 7

8 Enclosure A

Advice and instructions regarding the use in explosive atmospheres



8.5 EC Certificate of incorporation

EC Certificate of incorporation

according to EC machinery directive 2006/42/EC dated May 17, 2006, annex II B

The manufacturer - KTR Systems GmbH, D-48432 Rheine - states that the

oil/air cooler - OAC

described in the present operating/assembly instructions is an incomplete machine complying with the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC. The oil/air cooler is exclusively intended for installation in a machine so that it does not comply with all specifications of the Machinery Directive. It is forbidden to start up the oil/air cooler until it is stated that the machine which the oil/air cooler is installed in complies with all basic specifications of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC.

The oil/air cooler complies with the specifications of the following standards/rules:

2006/42/EC Machinery Directive (MD)

2014/30/EU Directive for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC directive)

2014/35/EU Low-voltage directive (LVD)

2014/68/EU Directive for Pressure Equipment (PED)

DIN EN ISO 12100 Safety of machines

Rheine, 2021-02-12

Place Date Christoph Bettmer Product Manager



KTR-N 43210 EN Sheet: 24 of 24

Edition: 7

8 Enclosure A

Advice and instructions regarding the use in explosive atmospheres



8.6 EU Declaration of conformity

EU Certificate of conformity

corresponding to EU directive 2014/34/EU dated 26 February 2014 and to the legal regulations

The manufacturer - KTR Systems GmbH, D-48432 Rheine - states that the

oil/air cooler - OAC

in an explosion-proof design described in these operating/assembly instructions are devices corresponding to article 2, 1. of directive 2014/34/EU and comply with the general safety and health requirements according to enclosure II of directive 2014/34/EU.

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer KTR Systems GmbH.

The oil/air cooler described in here complies with the specifications of the following standards/rules:

DIN EN ISO 80079-36:2016-12 DIN EN ISO 80079-37:2016-12 IEC/TS 60079-32-1 DIN EN 14986:2017-04

The oil/air cooler complies with the specifications of the directive 2014/34/EU.

According to article 13 (1) b) ii) of directive 2014/34/EU the technical documentation is deposited with the notified body (type examination certificate IBExU10ATEXB011 X):

IBExU

Institut für Sicherheitstechnik GmbH Identification number: 0637

Fuchsmühlenweg 7

09599 Freiberg

Rheine, 2021-02-12

Place Date Christoph Bett

Christoph Bettmer Product Manager